CLAUSE 56 - RESIDENTIAL SUBDIVISION (60 OR MORE LOTS)

Purpose
To implement the State Planning Policy Framework and the Local Planning Policy Framework, including the Municipal Strategic Statement and local planning policies.

To create livable and sustainable neighbourhoods and urban places with character and identity.

To achieve residential subdivision outcomes that appropriately respond to the site and its context for:
- Metropolitan Melbourne growth areas.
- Infill sites within established residential areas.
- Regional cities and towns.

To ensure residential subdivision design appropriately provides for:
- Policy implementation.
- Livable and sustainable communities.
- Residential lot design.
- Urban landscape.
- Access and mobility management.
- Integrated water management.
- Site management.
- Utilities.

Application
These provisions apply to an application to subdivide land in the Neighbourhood Residential Zone, General Residential Zone, Residential Growth Zone, Mixed Use Zone or Township Zone and any Comprehensive Development Zone or Priority Development Zone that provides for residential development.

Operation
The provisions of this clause contain:
- Objectives. An objective describes the desired outcome to be achieved in the completed subdivision.
- Standards. A standard contains the requirements to meet the objective.

A standard should normally be met. However, if the responsible authority is satisfied that an application for an alternative design solution meets the objective, the alternative design solution may be considered.
Development Plan – Briody Drive West, Torquay

Requirement
An application to subdivide land:
- Must be accompanied by a site and context description and a design response.
- Must meet all of the objectives included in the clauses specified in the zone.
- Should meet all of the standards included in the clauses specified in the zone.

Certification of standards
A subdivision may be certified by a person authorised by the Minister for Planning as meeting the requirements of a standard in this clause. A standard that is certified as met is deemed to have met the objective of that standard.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Clause &amp; Objective</th>
<th>Standard</th>
<th>Assessment (Must meet objective. Should meet standard)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>56.01</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>56.01-1 SUBDIVISION SITE AND CONTEXT DESCRIPTION AND DESIGN RESPONSE</td>
<td>Site and context description may use a site plan, photographs or other techniques and must accurately describe:</td>
<td>In relation to the site:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>In relation to site:</td>
<td>Site shape, size, dimensions and orientation.</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Levels and contours of the site.</td>
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<td>Natural features including trees and other significant vegetation, drainage lines, water courses, wetlands, ridgelines and hill tops.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>The siting and use of existing buildings and structures.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Street frontage features such as poles, street trees and kerb crossovers.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
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<td>Access points.</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Location of drainage and other utilities.</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Easements.</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Any identified natural and cultural features of the site.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Significant views to and from the site.</td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Noise and odour sources or other external influences.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Soil conditions, including any land affected by contamination, erosion, salinity, acid sulphate soils or fill.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Any other notable features or characteristics of the site.</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Adjacent uses.</td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Any other factor affecting the capacity to develop the site including whether the site is affected by inundation.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

PLANNING & ENVIRONMENT ACT 1987
SURF COAST PLANNING SCHEME
This Briody Drive West Development Plan complies with the requirements of Clause 43.04 of the Surf Coast Planning Scheme.

Approval Number: 15/0446
Date: 17/12/2011
Sheet No. Del 21

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Bill Cathcart

THIS IS NOT A BUILDING APPROVAL
• An application for subdivision of 3 or more lots must also describe in relation to the surrounding area:
  - The pattern of subdivision.
  - Existing land uses.
  - The location and use of existing buildings on adjacent land.
  - Abutting street and path widths, materials and detailing.
  - The location and type of significant vegetation.

• An application for subdivision of 60 or more lots must also describe in relation to the surrounding area:
  - Location, distance and type of nearby public open space and recreational facilities.
  - Direction and distances to local shops and community facilities.
  - Directions and walking distances to public transport routes and stops.
  - Direction and walking distances to existing neighbourhood, major and principal activity centres and major employment areas.
  - Existing transport routes, including freeways, arterial roads and streets connecting neighbourhoods.
  - Local street network including potential connections to adjacent subdivisions.
  - Traffic volumes and movements on adjacent roads and streets.
  - Pedestrian, bicycle and shared paths identifying whether their primary role is neighbourhood or regional access.
  - Any places of cultural significance.
  - Natural features including trees and other significant vegetation, drainage lines, water courses, wetlands, ridgelines and hill tops.
  - Proximity of any fire threats.
  - Pattern of ownership of adjoining lots.

If in the opinion of the responsible authority a requirement of the site and context description is not relevant to the assessment of an application, the responsible authority may waive or reduce the requirement.

Engineering Assessment

Easements: see title in Appendix A.

Any significant natural features: Vegetation within existing road reserves

Significant views: N/A

Noise and odour sources or other external influences: not applicable

Soil conditions: Not Applicable

Any other notable features or characteristics of the site: N/A

In relation to the surrounding area:

The site is located within Torquay. The land to the east is being progressively redeveloped for more intense urban purposes.

Surrounding land is predominantly residential / low density residential

School and recreational facilities are located to the south and east of the site.

Surf Coast Highway is an arterial roads located a short distance of the site.

Moderate traffic levels are expected on adjacent roads as a consequence of the subdivision.

Pedestrian and bicycle paths can be managed along the relevant road networks and nearby reserves.

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### 56.01-2 Subdivision design response

The design response must explain how the proposed design:
- Derives from and responds to the site and context description.
- Responds to any site and context features for the area identified in a local planning policy or a Neighbourhood Character Overlay.
- Responds to any relevant objective, policy, strategy or plan set out for the area in this scheme.
- Meets the relevant objectives of Clause 56.

The design response must include a dimensioned plan to scale showing the layout of the subdivision in context with the surrounding area. If in the opinion of the responsible authority this requirement is not relevant to the assessment of an application, it may waive or reduce the requirement.

An application for subdivision of 60 or more lots must also include a plan that meets the requirements of Standard C2. The plan must also show the:
- Proposed uses of each part of the site.
- Natural features of the site and identify any features proposed to be altered.
- Proposed integrated water management system.
- Proposed staging of the subdivision.

The site particulars which govern the layout include:
- The location of existing road connections and abutments;
- The pattern of subdivision.
- The alignment of Spring Creek and Grossmans Road.
- The indicative dimensions and lot sizes proposed reflect a standard residential lot yield.

Lots will generally have a range of street frontages and depths.

Each proposed lot will have a regular appearance, making lots readily developable with a detached dwelling, associated garaging and private open space.

Accordingly, it is considered that the created lots will fluently integrate with the surrounding residential environment.
### 56.02 POLICY IMPLEMENTATION

**56.02-1 Strategic implementation objective**

To ensure that the layout and design of a subdivision is consistent with and implements any relevant growth area, activity centre, housing, access and mobility, community facilities, open space and recreation, landscape (including any native vegetation precinct plan) and urban design objective, policy, strategy or plan for the area set out in this scheme.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standard C1</th>
<th>The immediate area offers a range of services which are essential to a residential area. The proposed layout will promote infill development / consolidation within the settlement boundary for Torquay. The subdivision maintains the preferred character for Torquay by proposing a range of lot sizes, including larger lots sizes which will respect the current presentation to Grossmans Road. The site is proximate to a range of services including education facilities, commercial and retail and is well suited to residential use, given the surrounding context, the public transport services and the provision of open space.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

### 56.03 LIVABLE AND SUSTAINABLE COMMUNITIES

**56.03-1 Compact and walkable neighbourhood objectives**

To create compact neighbourhoods that are oriented around easy walking distances to activity centres, schools and community facilities, public open space and public transport.

To allow easy movement through and between neighbourhoods for all people.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standard C2</th>
<th>The plans attached to the proposal show:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>An application for subdivision must include a plan of the layout of the subdivision that:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Meets the objectives (if relevant to the class of subdivision specified in the zone) of:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Clause 56.03-2 Activity centres</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Clause 56.03-3 Planning for community facilities</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Clause 56.04-1 Lot diversity and distribution</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Clause 56.06-2 Walking and cycling network</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Clause 56.06-3 Public transport network</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Clause 56.06-4 Neighbourhood street network</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Shows the 400 metre street walking distance around each existing or proposed bus stop, 600 metres street walking distance around each existing or proposed tram stop and 800 metres street walking distance around each existing or proposed railway station and shows the estimated number of dwellings within those distances.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Shows the layout of the subdivision in relation to the surrounding area.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Is designed to be accessible for people with disabilities.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All road reserves are capable of providing walking and cycling networks to access key infrastructure. No bus stops are proposed at this stage.</td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

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**PLANNING & ENVIRONMENT ACT 1987**
**SURF COAST PLANNING SCHEME**

This Briody Drive West Development Plan complies with the requirements of Clause 19 of the Surf Coast Planning Scheme.

Approval Number: 15/0446
Date: 7/12/2017  Sheet No: 5 of 21

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### Activity centre objective

To provide for mixed-use activity centres, including neighbourhood activity centres, of appropriate area and location.

**Standard C3**

A subdivision should implement any relevant activity centre strategy, plan or policy for the area set out in this scheme.

Subdivision should be supported by activity centres that are:
- Accessible by neighbourhood and regional walking and cycling networks.
- Served by public transport that is connected to the regional public transport network.
- Located at public transport interchange points for the convenience of passengers and easy connections between public transport services.
- Located on arterial roads or connector streets.
- Of appropriate size to accommodate a mix of uses that meet local community needs.
- Oriented to support active street frontages, support street-based community interaction and pedestrian safety.

There is no relevant activity centre strategy. The proposal is not considered to be within or adjacent to an activity centre.

### Planning for community objective

To provide appropriately located sites for community facilities including schools, libraries, preschools and childcare, health services, police and fire stations, recreation and sports facilities.

**Standard C4**

A subdivision should:
- Implement any relevant regional and local community facility strategy, plan or policy for the area set out in this scheme.
- Locate community facilities on sites that are in or near activity centres and public transport.

School sites should:
- Be integrated with the neighbourhood and located near activity centres.
- Be located on walking and cycling networks.
- Have a bus stop located along the school site boundary.
- Have student drop-off zones, bus parking and on-street parking in addition to other street functions in abutting streets.
- Adjoin the public open space network and community sporting and other recreation facilities.
- Be integrated with community facilities.
- Be located on land that is not affected by physical, environmental or other constraints.

Schools should be accessible by the Principal Public Transport Network in Metropolitan Melbourne and on the regional public transport network outside Metropolitan Melbourne.

Primary schools should be located on connector streets and not on arterial roads.

New State Government school sites must meet the requirements of the Department of Education.
### 56.03-4
**Built environment objective**

To create urban places with identity and character.

**Standard C5**

The built environment should:
- Implement any relevant urban design strategy, plan or policy for the area set out in this scheme.
- Provide living and working environments that are functional, safe and attractive.
- Provide an integrated layout, built form and urban landscape.
- Contribute to a sense of place and cultural identity.

An application should describe the identity and character to be achieved and the elements that contribute to that identity and character.

The Surf Coast Planning Scheme designates the site as suitable for residential development.

### 56.04
**LOT DESIGN**

#### 56.04-1
**Lot diversity and distribution objectives**

To achieve housing densities that support compact and walkable neighbourhoods and the efficient provision of public transport services.

To provide higher housing densities within walking distance of neighbourhood centres.

To achieve increased housing densities in designated growth areas.

To provide a range of lot sizes to suit a variety of dwelling and household types.

**Standard C7**

A subdivision should implement any relevant housing strategy, plan or policy for the area set out in this scheme.

Lot sizes and mix should achieve the average net residential density specified in any zone or overlay that applies to the land or in any relevant policy for the area set out in this scheme.

A range and mix of lot sizes should be provided including lots suitable for the development of:
- Single dwellings.
- Two dwellings or more.
- Higher density housing.
- Residential buildings and Retirement villages.

Unless the site is constrained by topography or other site conditions, lot distribution should provide for 95 per cent of dwellings to be located no more than 400 metre street walking distance from the nearest existing or proposed bus stop, 600 metres street walking distance from the nearest existing or proposed tram stop and 800 metres street walking distance from the nearest existing or proposed railway station.

Lots of 300 square metres or less in area, lots suitable for the development of two dwellings or more, lots suitable for higher density housing and lots suitable for Residential buildings and Retirement villages should be located in and within 400 metres street walking distance of an activity centre.

The DP enables future subdivision to respond to the particular opportunities of the site. Future subdivision facilitated by the DP will create lots at standard residential densities.

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**PLANNING & ENVIRONMENT ACT 1987**

**SOUTH COAST PLANNING SCHEME**

This Briody Drive West Development Plan complies with the requirements of Clause 48.04 of the Surf Coast Planning Scheme.

Approval Number: 15/0446

Date: 07/12/2017   Sheet No: 7 of 21

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Lot area and building envelope objective

To provide lots with areas and dimensions that enable the appropriate siting and construction of a dwelling, solar access, private open space, vehicle access and parking, water management, easements and the retention of significant vegetation and site features.

Standard C8

An application to subdivide land that creates lots of less than 300 square metres should be accompanied by information that shows:

- That the lots are consistent or contain building envelope that is consistent with a development approved under this scheme, or
- That a dwelling may be constructed on each lot in accordance with the requirements of this scheme.

Lots of between 300 square metres and 500 square metres should:

- Contain a building envelope that is consistent with a development of the lot approved under this scheme, or
- If no development of the lot has been approved under this scheme, contain a building envelope and be able to contain a rectangle measuring 10 metres by 15 metres, or 9 metres by 15 metres if a boundary wall is nominated as part of the building envelope.

If lots of between 300 square metres and 500 square metres are proposed to contain dwellings that are built to the boundary, the long axis of the lots should be within 30 degrees east and 20 degrees west of north unless there are significant physical constraints that make this difficult to achieve.

Lots greater than 500 square metres should be able to contain a rectangle measuring 10 metres by 15 metres, and may contain a building envelope.

A building envelope may specify or incorporate any relevant siting and design requirement. Any requirement should meet the relevant standards of Clause 54, unless:

- The objectives of the relevant standards are met, and
- The building envelope is shown as a restriction on a plan of subdivision registered under the Subdivision Act 1988, or is specified as a covenant in an agreement under Section 173 of the Act.

Where a lot with a building envelope adjoins a lot that is not on the same plan of subdivision or is not subject to the same agreement relating to the relevant building envelope:

- The building envelope must meet Standards A10 and A11 of Clause 54 in relation to the adjoining lot, and
- The building envelope must not regulate siting matters covered by Standards A12 to A15 (inclusive) of Clause 54 in relation to the adjoining lot. This should be specified in the relevant plan of subdivision or agreement.

There are no buildings envelopes proposed at this point in time. Building envelopes (if required) will be specified at subdivision stage.
Lot dimensions and building envelopes should protect:
- Solar access for future dwellings and support the siting and design of dwellings that achieve the energy rating requirements of the Building Regulations.
- Existing or proposed easements on lots.
- Significant vegetation and site features.

### 56.04-3 Solar orientation of lots objective

**Standard C9**

**Objective**
To provide good solar orientation of lots and solar access for future dwellings.

**Requirements**
- Unless the site is constrained by topography or other site conditions, at least 70 percent of lots should have appropriate solar orientation.
- Lots have appropriate solar orientation when:
  - The long axis of lots are within the range north 20 degrees west to north 30 degrees east, or east 20 degrees north to east 30 degrees south.
  - Lots between 300 square metres and 500 square metres are proposed to contain dwellings that are built to the boundary, the long axis of the lots should be within 30 degrees east and 20 degrees west of north.
  - Dimensions of lots are adequate to protect solar access to the lot, taking into account likely dwelling size and the relationship of each lot to the street.

### 56.04-4 Street orientation objective

**Standard C10**

Subdivision should increase visibility and surveillance by:
- Ensuring lots front all roads and streets and avoid the side or rear of lots being oriented to connector streets and arterial roads.
- Providing lots of 300 square metres or less in area and lots for 2 or more dwellings around activity centres and public open space.
- Ensuring streets and houses look onto public open space and avoiding sides and rears of lots along public open space boundaries.
- Providing roads and streets along public open space boundaries.

### 56.04-5 Common area objectives

**Standard C11**

An application to subdivide land that creates common land must be accompanied by a plan and a report identifying:
- The common area to be owned by the body corporate, including any streets and open space.
- The reasons why the area should be commonly held.
- Lots participating in the body corporate.
- The proposed management arrangements including maintenance standards for streets and open spaces to be commonly held.

**Not Applicable.**

**No common land is proposed.**
56.05 URBAN LANDSCAPE

56.05-1 Integrated urban landscape objectives

The landscape design should:
- Implement any relevant streetscape, landscape, urban design or native vegetation precinct plan, strategy or policy for the area set out in this scheme.
- Create attractive landscapes that visually emphasise streets and public open spaces.
- Respond to the site and context description for the site and surrounding area.
- Maintain significant vegetation where possible within an urban context.
- Take account of the physical features of the land including landform, soil and climate.
- Protect and enhance any significant natural and cultural features.
- Protect and link areas of significant local habitat where appropriate.
- Support integrated water management systems with appropriate landscape design techniques for managing urban run-off including wetlands and other water sensitive urban design features in streets and public open space.
- Promote the use of drought tolerant and low maintenance plants and avoid species that are likely to spread into the surrounding environment.
- Ensure landscaping supports surveillance and provides shade in streets, parks and public open space.
- Develop appropriate landscapes for the intended use of public open space including areas for passive and active recreation, the exercising of pets, playgrounds and shaded areas.
- Provide for walking and cycling networks that link with community facilities.
- Provide appropriate pathways, signage, fencing, public lighting and street furniture.
- Create low maintenance, durable landscapes that are capable of a long life.

The landscape design must include a maintenance plan that sets out maintenance responsibilities, requirements and costs.

56.05-2 Public open space provision objectives

The provision of public open space should:
- Implement any relevant open space plan, strategy or policy for the area set out in this scheme.
- Provide a network of well-distributed regional and local open space that includes:
  - Local parks within 400 metres safe walking distance of at least 95 percent of the DP provides an area of centrally located OS and the nomination of the creek as linear open space.

It is considered that a landscape design is not required at this point in time.

In relation to the road system the width of the road reserves is the same as other recently constructed roads in the area.

We will be further directed by Council’s engineering department in relation to details.

The streetscapes can obviously provide for the requirements of this standard, and landscaping is therefore not considered a critical element the subdivision design. It is requested that such a requirement be deferred, and included by way of Permit Condition/s.

PLANNING & ENVIRONMENT ACT 1987
SURF COAST PLANNING SCHEME
This Briody Drive West Development Plan complies with the requirements of Clause 43.04 of the Surf Coast Planning Scheme

Approval Number: 15/0448
Date: 7/12/2017 Sheet No: 10 of 21
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Bill Cathcart

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and cost effective public open space that includes local parks, active open space, linear parks and trails, and links to regional open space.

To provide a network of public open space that caters for a broad range of users.

To encourage healthy and active communities.

To provide adequate unencumbered land for public open space and integrate any encumbered land with the open space network.

To ensure land provided for public open space can be managed in an environmentally sustainable way and contributes to the development of sustainable neighbourhoods.

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Development Plan – Briody Drive West, Torquay</th>
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</table>

| and all dwellings. Where not designed to include active open space, local parks should be generally 1 hectare in area and suitably dimensioned and designed to provide for their intended use and allow easy adaptation in response to changing community preferences. |
| - Additional small local parks or public squares in activity centres and higher density residential areas. |
| - Active open space of at least 8 hectares in area within 1 kilometres of 95 percent of all dwellings that is: |
| - Suitably dimensioned and designed to provide for the intended use, buffer areas around sporting fields and passive open spaces. |
| - Sufficient to incorporate two football / cricket ovals. |
| - Appropriate for the intended use in terms of quality and orientation. |
| - Located on flat land (which can be cost effectively graded). |
| - Located with access to, or making provision for, a recycled or sustainable water supply. |
| - Adjoin schools and other community facilities where practical. |
| - Designed to achieve sharing of space between sports. |
| - Linear parks and trails along waterways, vegetation corridors and road reserves within 1 kilometre of 95 percent of all dwellings. |

Public open space should:

- Be provided along foreshores, streams and permanent water bodies.
- Be linked to existing or proposed future public open spaces where appropriate.
- Be integrated with floodways and encumbered land that is accessible for public recreation.
- Be suitable for the intended use.
- Be an area and dimensions to allow easy adaptation to different uses in response to changing community active and passive recreational preferences.
- Maximise passive surveillance.
- Be integrated with urban water management systems, waterways and other water bodies.
- Incorporate natural and cultural features where appropriate.

### 56.06 ACCESS AND MOBILITY MANAGEMENT

#### 56.06-1 Integrated mobility objectives

To achieve an urban structure where compact walkable neighbourhoods are clustered to support larger activity centres on

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standard C14</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>An application for a subdivision must include a plan of the layout of the neighbourhood that meets the objectives of:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Clause 56.06-2 Walking and cycling network.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Clause 56.06-3 Public transport network.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Clause 56.06-4 Neighbourhood street network.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The proposed road network is capable of accommodating walking and cycling networks to access key infrastructure.

No bus stops are proposed at this stage.

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the Public Transport Network in Metropolitan Melbourne and on the regional public transport network outside Metropolitan Melbourne.

To provide for walking (including persons with impaired mobility), cycling, public transport and other motor vehicles in an integrated manner.

To contribute to reduced car dependence, improved energy efficiency, reduced greenhouse gas emissions and reduced air pollution.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>56.06-2 Walking and cycling network objectives</th>
<th>Standard C15</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>To contribute to community health and well being by encouraging walking and cycling as part of the daily lives of residents, employees and visitors.</td>
<td>The walking and cycling network should be designed to:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To provide safe and direct movement through and between neighbourhoods by pedestrians and cyclists.</td>
<td>• Implement any relevant regional and local walking and cycling strategy, plan or policy for the area set out in this scheme.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To reduce car use, greenhouse gas emissions and air pollution.</td>
<td>• Link to any existing pedestrian and cycling networks.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Provide safe walkable distances to activity centres, community facilities, public transport stops and public open spaces.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Provide an interconnected and continuous network of safe, efficient and convenient footpaths, shared paths, cycle paths and cycle lanes based primarily on the network of arterial roads, neighbourhood streets and regional public open spaces.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Provide direct cycling routes for regional journeys to major activity centres, community facilities, public transport and other regional activities and for regional recreational cycling.</td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
<td>• Ensure safe street and road crossings including the provision of traffic controls where required.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>• Provide an appropriate level of priority to pedestrians, cyclists and public transport.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Have natural surveillance along streets and from abutting dwellings and be designed for personal safety and security particularly at night.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Be accessible to people with disabilities.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Future subdivision will provide for safe walking and cycling networks.

The site is within a walkable distances of community facilities and public open spaces.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>56.06-3 Public transport network objectives</th>
<th></th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Standard C16</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The public transport network should be designed to:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Implement any relevant public transport strategy, plan or policy for the area set out.</td>
</tr>
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</table>

Future subdivision will provide for bus traffic.

This Briody Drive West Development Plan complies with the requirements of Clause 43.6(4) of the Surf Coast Planning Scheme

Approval Number: 15/0446
Date: 7/12/2010

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To provide an arterial road and neighbourhood street network that supports a direct, efficient and safe public transport system.

To encourage maximum use of public transport.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Development Plan – Briody Drive West, Torquay</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>in this scheme.</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Connect new public transport routes to existing and proposed routes to the satisfaction of the relevant public transport authority.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Provide for public transport links between activity centres and other locations that attract people using the Principal Public Transport Network in Metropolitan Melbourne and the regional public transport network outside Metropolitan Melbourne.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Locate regional bus routes principally on arterial roads and locate local bus services principally on connector streets to provide:</td>
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</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>56.06-4 Neighbourhood street network objective</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>To provide for direct, safe and easy movement through and between neighbourhoods for pedestrians, cyclists, public transport and other motor vehicles using the neighbourhood street network.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standard C17</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The neighbourhood street network must:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Take account of the existing mobility network of arterial roads, neighbourhood streets, cycle paths, footpaths and public transport routes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Provide clear physical distinctions between arterial roads and neighbourhood street types.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Comply with the Roads Corporation's arterial road access management policies.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Provide an appropriate speed environment and movement priority for the safe and easy movement of pedestrians and cyclists and for accessing public transport.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Provide safe and efficient access to activity centres for commercial and freight vehicles.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Provide safe and efficient access to all lots for service and emergency vehicles.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Provide safe movement for all vehicles.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Incorporate any necessary traffic control measures and traffic management infrastructure.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The neighbourhood street network should be designed to:

- Implement any relevant transport strategy, plan or policy for the area set out in this scheme.
- Include arterial roads at intervals of approximately 1.6 kilometres that have adequate reservation widths to accommodate long term movement demand.
- Include connector streets approximately halfway between arterial roads and provide adequate reservation widths to accommodate long term movement demand.
- Ensure connector streets align between neighbourhoods for direct and efficient movement of pedestrians, cyclists, public transport and other motor vehicles.
- Provide an interconnected and continuous network of streets within each precinct.

The neighbourhood street network is essentially defined by the existing abuttals.
To design and construct footpaths, shared path and cycle path networks that are safe, comfortable, well constructed and accessible for people with disabilities.

To design footpaths to accommodate wheelchairs, prams, scooters and other footpath bound vehicles.

### Standard C18

Footpaths, shared paths, cycle paths and cycle lanes should be designed to:

- Be part of a comprehensive design of the road or street reservation.
- Be continuous and connect.
- Provide for public transport stops, street crossings for pedestrians and cyclists and kerb crossovers for access to lots.
- Accommodate projected user volumes and mix.
- Meet the requirements of Table C1.
- Provide pavement edge, kerb, channel and crossover details that support safe travel for pedestrians, footpath bound vehicles and cyclists, perform required drainage functions and are structurally sound.
- Provide appropriate signage.
- Be constructed to allow access to lots without damage to the footpath or shared path surfaces.
- Be constructed with a durable, non-skid surface.
- Be of a quality and durability to ensure:
  - Safe passage for pedestrians, cyclists, footpath bound vehicles and vehicles.
  - Discharge of urban run-off.
  - Preservation of all-weather access.
  - Maintenance of a reasonable, comfortable riding quality.
  - A minimum 20 year life span.

It is anticipated that a condition on Permit will require design and construction to be in accordance with the standards of this clause.

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**PLANNING & ENVIRONMENT ACT 1987**

**SURF COAST PLANNING SCHEME**

This Briody Drive West Development Plan complies with the requirements of Clause 43.04 of the Surf Coast Planning Scheme

Approval Number: 15/0446

Date: 7/12/2017    Sheet No: 14 of 21

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Bill Cathcart

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### Development Plan – Briody Drive West, Torquay

#### 56.06-6  
**Public transport network detail objectives**

- Be accessible to people with disabilities and include tactile ground surface indicators, audible signals and kerb ramps required for the movement of people with disabilities.
- Adjoining roads are capable of supporting bus traffic.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Development Plan – Briody Drive West, Torquay</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>56.06-6</td>
<td>Public transport network detail objectives</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To provide for the safe, efficient operation of public transport and the comfort and convenience of public transport users.</td>
<td>To provide public transport stops that are accessible to people with disabilities.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Standard C19</td>
<td>Standard C20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bus priority measures must be provided along arterial roads forming part of the existing or proposed Principal Public Transport Network in Metropolitan Melbourne and the regional public transport network outside Metropolitan Melbourne to the requirements of the relevant roads authority.</td>
<td>The design of streets and roads should:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Road alignment and geometry along bus routes should provide for the efficient, unimpeded movement of buses and the safety and comfort of passengers.</td>
<td>- Meet the requirements of Table C1. Where the widths of access lanes, access places, and access streets do not comply with the requirements of Table C1, the requirements of the relevant fire authority and roads authority must be met.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The design of public transport stops should not impede the movement of pedestrians.</td>
<td>- Provide street blocks that are generally between 120 metres and 240 metres in length and generally between 60 metres to 120 metres in width to facilitate pedestrian movement and control traffic speed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bus and tram stops should have:</td>
<td>- Have verges of sufficient width to accommodate footpaths, shared paths, cycle paths, integrated water management, street tree planting, lighting and utility needs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Surveillance from streets and adjacent lots.</td>
<td>- Have street geometry appropriate to the street type and function, the physical land characteristics and achieve a safe environment for all users.</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Safe street crossing conditions for pedestrians and cyclists.</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Safe pedestrian crossings on arterial roads and at schools including the provision of traffic controls as required by the roads authority.</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Continuous hard pavement from the footpath to the kerb.</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Sufficient lighting and paved, sheltered waiting areas for forecast user volume at neighbourhood centres, schools and other locations with expected high patronage.</td>
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<td>- Appropriate signage.</td>
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</table>

#### 56.06-7  
**Neighbourhood street network detail objective**

- To design and construct street carriageways and verges so that the street geometry and traffic speeds provide an accessible and safe neighbourhood system for all users.
- The roads, by width, meet the requirements of Table C1.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Development Plan – Briody Drive West, Torquay</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>56.06-7</td>
<td>Neighbourhood street network detail objective</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To provide for the safe, efficient operation of public transport and the comfort and convenience of public transport users.</td>
<td>To provide public transport stops that are accessible to people with disabilities.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Standard C20</td>
<td>Standard C20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The design of streets and roads should:</td>
<td>The roads, by width, meet the requirements of Table C1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Meet the requirements of Table C1. Where the widths of access lanes, access places, and access streets do not comply with the requirements of Table C1, the requirements of the relevant fire authority and roads authority must be met.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Provide street blocks that are generally between 120 metres and 240 metres in length and generally between 60 metres to 120 metres in width to facilitate pedestrian movement and control traffic speed.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Have verges of sufficient width to accommodate footpaths, shared paths, cycle paths, integrated water management, street tree planting, lighting and utility needs.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Have street geometry appropriate to the street type and function, the physical land characteristics and achieve a safe environment for all users.</td>
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</table>

**Planning & Environment Act 1987 - SOUTHERN COASTS PLANNING SCHEME**

The Briody Drive West Development Plan complies with the requirements of Clause 40.04 of the Southern Coasts Planning Scheme.

Approval Number: 150446

Date: 7/12/2017  Sheet No: 15 of 21

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Bill Cathcart

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• Provide a low-speed environment while allowing all road users to proceed without unreasonable inconvenience or delay.
• Provide a safe environment for all street users applying speed control measures where appropriate.
• Ensure intersection layouts clearly indicate the travel path and priority of movement for pedestrians, cyclists and vehicles.
• Provide a minimum 5 metre by 5 metre corner splay at junctions with arterial roads and a minimum 3 metre by 3 metre corner splay at other junctions unless site conditions justify a variation to achieve safe sight lines across corners.
• Ensure streets are of sufficient strength to:
  − Enable the carriage of vehicles.
  − Avoid damage by construction vehicles and equipment.
• Ensure street pavements are of sufficient quality and durability for the:
  − Safe passage of pedestrians, cyclists and vehicles.
  − Discharge of urban run-off.
  − Preservation of all-weather access and maintenance of a reasonable, comfortable riding quality.
• Ensure carriageways of planned arterial roads are designed to the requirements of the relevant road authority.
• Ensure carriageways of neighbourhood streets are designed for a minimum 20 year life span.
• Provide pavement edges, kerbs, channel and crossover details designed to:
  − Perform the required integrated water management functions.
  − Delineate the edge of the carriageway for all street users.
  − Provide efficient and comfortable access to abutting lots at appropriate locations.
  − Contribute to streetscape design.
• Provide for the safe and efficient collection of waste and recycling materials from lots.
• Be accessible to people with disabilities.
• Meet the requirements of Table C1. Where the widths of access lanes, access places, and access streets do not comply with the requirements of Table C1, the requirements of the relevant fire authority and roads authority must be met. Where the widths of connector streets do not comply with the requirements of Table C1, the requirements of the relevant public transport authority must be met.

A street detail plan should be prepared that shows, as appropriate:
• The street hierarchy and typical cross-sections for all street types.
• Location of carriageway pavement, parking, bus stops, kerbs, crossovers, footpaths, tactile surface indicators, cycle paths and speed control and traffic management devices.
• Water sensitive urban design features.
### Development Plan – Briody Drive West, Torquay

- Location and species of proposed street trees and other vegetation.
- Location of existing vegetation to be retained and proposed treatment to ensure its health.
- Any relevant details for the design and location of street furniture, lighting, seats, bus stops, telephone boxes and mailboxes.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>56.06-8</th>
<th>Lot access objective</th>
<th>Standard C21</th>
<th>Not Applicable.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>To provide for safe vehicle access between roads and lots.</td>
<td>Vehicle access to lots abutting arterial roads should be provided from service roads, side or rear access lanes, access places or access streets where appropriate and in accordance with the access management requirements of the relevant roads authority.</td>
<td>The design and construction of a crossover should meet the requirements of the relevant road authority.</td>
<td>The site does not have abuttal to an arterial road.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| 56.07 | INTERGRATED WATER MANAGEMENT |
| 56.07-1 | Drinking water supply objectives |
| To reduce the use of drinking water. | The supply of drinking water must be: |
| To provide an adequate, cost-effective supply of drinking water. | - Designed and constructed in accordance with the requirements and to the satisfaction of the relevant water authority. |
| - Provided to the boundary of all lots in the subdivision to the satisfaction of the relevant water authority. | |

| 56.07-2 | Reused and recycled water objectives |
| To provide for the substitution of drinking water for non-drinking purposes with reused and recycled water. | Reused and recycled water supply systems must be: |
| | - Designed, constructed and managed in accordance with the requirements and to the satisfaction of the relevant water authority, Environment Protection Authority and Department of Human Services. |
| | - Provided to the boundary of all lots in the subdivision where required by the relevant water authority. |

**PLANNING & ENVIRONMENT ACT 1987**

Surf Coast Planning Scheme

This Briody Drive West Development Plan complies with the requirements of Clause 43.04B of the Surf Coast Planning Scheme

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### Waste water management objective

To provide a waste water system that is adequate for the maintenance of public health and the management of effluent in an environmentally friendly manner.

**Standard C24**

Waste water systems must be:
- Designed, constructed and managed in accordance with the requirements and to the satisfaction of the relevant water authority and the Environment Protection Authority.
- Consistent with any relevant approved domestic waste water management plan.

Reticulated waste water systems must be provided to the boundary of all lots in the subdivision where required by the relevant sewerage authority.

**Complies.**

Waste water will be reticulated to all lots to the satisfaction of Barwon Water.

### Urban run-off management objectives

To minimise damage to properties and inconvenience to residents from urban run-off.

To ensure that the street operates adequately during major storm events and provides for public safety.

To minimise increases in stormwater run-off and protect the environmental values and physical characteristics of receiving waters from degradation by urban run-off.

**Standard C25**

The urban stormwater management system must be:
- Designed and managed in accordance with the requirements and to the satisfaction of the relevant drainage authority.
- Designed and managed in accordance with the requirements and to the satisfaction of the water authority where reuse of urban run-off is proposed.
- Designed to ensure that flows downstream of the subdivision site are restricted to predevelopment levels unless increased flows are approved by the relevant drainage authority and there are no detrimental downstream impacts.

The stormwater management system should be integrated with the overall development plan including the street and public open space networks and landscape design.

For all storm events up to and including the 20% Average Exceedence Probability (AEP) standard:
- Stormwater flows should be contained within the drainage system to the requirements of the relevant authority.
- Ponding on roads should not occur for longer than 1 hour after the cessation of rainfall.

For storm events greater than 20% AEP and up to and including 1% AEP standard:
- Provision must be made for the safe and effective passage of stormwater flows.
- All new lots should be free from inundation or to a lesser standard of flood protection where agreed by the relevant floodplain management authority.
- Ensure that streets, footpaths and cycle paths that are subject to flooding meet the safety criteria: $d_a \times V_{ave} < 0.35 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$ (where, $d_a =$ average depth in metres and $V_{ave} =$ average velocity in metres per second).

Each lot will be able to dispose of stormwater drainage in an appropriate manner. Refer to overarching SWMS.

Underground drainage will be provided for each lot and the runoff will be directed towards existing drainage pipes.

All stormwater design will be in accordance with Urban Stormwater – Best Practice Environmental Management Guidelines (Victorian Stormwater Committee 1999) as amended.

PLANNING & ENVIRONMENT ACT 1987

SURF COAST PLANNING SCHEME

This Briody Drive West Development Plan complies with the requirements of Clause 4.3.03 of the Surf Coast Planning Scheme

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Date: 7/11/2017 Sheet No: 18 of 21

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The design of the local drainage network should:

- Ensure run-off is retarded to a standard required by the responsible drainage authority.
- Ensure every lot is provided with drainage to a standard acceptable to the relevant drainage authority. Wherever possible, run-off should be directed to the front of the lot and discharged into the street drainage system or legal point of discharge.
- Ensure that inlet and outlet structures take into account the effects of obstructions and debris build up. Any surcharge drainage pit should discharge into an overland flow in a safe and predetermined manner.
- Include water sensitive urban design features to manage run-off in streets and public open space. Where such features are provided, an application must describe maintenance responsibilities, requirements and costs.

Any flood mitigation works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the requirements of the relevant floodplain management authority.

56.08 SITE MANAGEMENT

56.08-1 Site management objectives

To protect drainage infrastructure and receiving waters from sedimentation and contamination.

To protect the site and surrounding area from environmental degradation or nuisance prior to and during construction of subdivision works.

To encourage the reuse of materials from the site and recycled materials in the construction of subdivisions where practical.

Standard C26

A subdivision application must describe how the site will be managed prior to and during the construction period and may set out requirements for managing:

- Erosion and sediment.
- Dust.
- Run-off
- Litter, concrete and other construction wastes.
- Chemical contamination.
- Vegetation and natural features planned for retention.

Recycled material should be used for the construction of streets, shared paths and other infrastructure where practicable.

It is anticipated that any Permit issued will contain a Condition which will require a Construction Management Plan.

PLANNING & ENVIRONMENT ACT 1987
SURF COAST PLANNING SCHEME
This Briody Drive West Development Plan complies with the requirements of Clause 43.04 of the Surf Coast Planning Scheme

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### 56.09 UTILITIES

#### 56.09-1 Shared trenching objective
- To maximise the opportunities for shared trenching.
- To minimise constraints on landscaping within street reserves.

**Standard C27**
Reticulated services for water, gas, electricity and telecommunications should be provided in shared trenching to minimise construction costs and land allocation for underground services.

It is proposed that where possible, engineering design will use shared trenching principles.

#### 56.09-2 Electricity, telecommunications and gas objectives
- To provide public utilities to each lot in a timely, efficient and cost effective manner.
- To reduce greenhouse gas emissions by supporting generation and use of electricity from renewable sources.

**Standard C28**
The electricity supply system must be designed in accordance with the requirements of the relevant electricity supply agency and be provided to the boundary of all lots in the subdivision to the satisfaction of the relevant electricity authority.

All services and infrastructure can be provided in a timely and efficient manner as required to service the subdivision.

**Standard C29**
Fire hydrants should be provided:
- A maximum distance of 120 metres from the rear of the each lot.
- No more than 200 metres apart.

Hydrants and fire plugs must be compatible with the relevant fire service equipment.
Where the provision of fire hydrants and fire plugs does not comply with the requirements of standard C29, fire hydrants must be provided to the satisfaction of the relevant fire authority.

It is considered that the Permit, via the referral process, will outline these requirements.
56.09-4
Public lighting objective

To provide public lighting to ensure the safety of pedestrians, cyclists and vehicles.

To provide pedestrians with a sense of personal safety at night.

To contribute to reducing greenhouse gas emissions and to saving energy.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standard C30</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Public lighting should be provided to streets, footpaths, public telephones, public transport stops and to major pedestrian and cycle paths including public open spaces that are likely to be well used at night to assist in providing safe passage for pedestrians, cyclists and vehicles.</td>
<td>Public lighting should be designed in accordance with the relevant Australian Standards.</td>
<td>Public lighting should be consistent with any strategy, policy or plan for the use of renewable energy and energy efficient fittings.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

It is considered that the Permit, via the referral process, will outline these requirements.