

CLAUSE 56 - RESIDENTIAL SUBDIVISION (60 OR MORE LOTS)

Purpose

To implement the State Planning Policy Framework and the Local Planning Policy Framework, including the Municipal Strategic Statement and local planning policies.

To create livable and sustainable neighbourhoods and urban places with character and identity.

To achieve residential subdivision outcomes that appropriately respond to the site and its context for:

- Metropolitan Melbourne growth areas.
- Infill sites within established residential areas.
- Regional cities and towns.

To ensure residential subdivision design appropriately provides for:

- Policy implementation.
- Livable and sustainable communities.
- Residential lot design.
- Urban landscape.
- Access and mobility management.
- Integrated water management.
- Site management.
- Utilities.

Application

These provisions apply to an application to subdivide land in the Neighbourhood Residential Zone, General Residential Zone, Residential Growth Zone, Mixed Use Zone or Township Zone and any Comprehensive Development Zone or Priority Development Zone that provides for residential development.

Operation

The provisions of this clause contain:

- Objectives. An objective describes the desired outcome to be achieved in the desired outcome to be achieved in the complex with the requirements of Clause 43.04 of the Surf Coast Planning Scheme
- **Standards**. A standard contains the requirements to meet the objective.

A standard should normally be met. However, if the responsible authority is satisfied that an application of the responsible authority is satisfied that an application of the responsible authority is satisfied that an application of the responsible authority is satisfied that an application of the responsible authority is satisfied that an application of the responsible authority is satisfied that an application of the responsible authority is satisfied that an application of the responsible authority is satisfied that an application of the responsible authority is satisfied that an application of the responsible authority is satisfied that an application of the responsible authority is satisfied that an application of the responsible authority is satisfied that an application of the responsible authority is satisfied that an application of the responsible authority is satisfied that an application of the responsible authority is satisfied that an application of the responsible authority is satisfied that are application of the responsible authority is satisfied that are application of the responsible authority is satisfied that are application of the responsible authority is satisfied that are application of the responsible authority is satisfied that are application of the responsible authority is satisfied that are application of the responsible authority is satisfied that are application of the responsible authority is satisfied that are application of the responsible authority is satisfied that are application of the responsible authority is satisfied that are application of the responsible authority is satisfied that are application of the responsible authority is satisfied that are application of the responsible authority is satisfied that are application of the responsible authority is satisfied that are application of the responsible authority is satisfied that are application of the responsible authority is satisfied that are application of the responsible authority is satisfied that are application o Date: 7/12/2017 Sheet No: 1 of 21

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the alternative design solution may be considered.



Requirement

An application to subdivide land:

- Must be accompanied by a site and context description and a design response.
- Must meet all of the objectives included in the clauses specified in the zone.
- Should meet all of the standards included in the clauses specified in the zone.

Certification of standards

A subdivision may be certified by a person authorised by the Minister for Planning as meeting the requirements of a standard in this clause. A standard that is certified as met is deemed to have met the objective of that standard.

| Clause & Objective | Standard | Assessment (Must meet objective. Should meet standard) |
|--|---|--|
| 56.01 SUBDIVISION SITE AND CONT | EXT DESCRIPTION AND DESIGN RESPONSE | |
| 56.01-1 Subdivision site and context description | Site and context description may use a site plan, photographs or other techniques and must accurately describe: In relation to site: Site shape, size, dimensions and orientation. Levels and contours of the site. Natural features including trees and other significant vegetation, drainage lines, water courses, wetlands, ridgelines and hill tops. The siting and use of existing buildings and structures. Street frontage features such as poles, street trees and kerb crossovers. Access points. Location of drainage and other utilities. Easements. Any identified natural and cultural features of the site. Significant views to and from the site. Surf coass Surf coass | u ring Mast n Pta ringing, Sovre rine s within all other road reserves |
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| | s must also describe in relation to the | Engineering Assessment |
|--|---|---|
| The pattern of subdivision. | | Easements: see title in Appendix A. |
| The location and use of existing building Abutting street and path widths, material | ls and detailing. | Any significant natural features: Vegetation within existing road reserves |
| The location and type of significant vegices. | etation. | Significant views: N/A |
| the surrounding area: - Location, distance and type of nearby pu | | Noise and odour sources or other external influences: not applicable |
| Direction and distances to local shops a | | Soil conditions: Not Applicable |
| Direction and walking distances to exis | ting neighbourhood, major and | Any other notable features or characteristics of the site: N/A |
| | ways, arterial roads and streets | In relation to the surrounding area: |
| Local street network including potential of the control of the contr | cent roads and streets. | The site is located within Torquay. The land to the east is being progressively redeveloped for more intense urban purposes. |
| Any places of cultural significance. Natural features including trees and other lines, water courses, wetlands, ridgelines and | er significant vegetation, drainage hill tops. | Surrounding land is predominantly residential / low density residential |
| Proximity of any fire threats.Pattern of ownership of adjoining lots. | | School and recreational facilities are located to the south and east of the site. |
| description is not relevant to the assessment of a | | Surf Coast Highway is an arterial roads located a |
| authority may waive or reduce the requirement. | | ENVIRONMENT ACT 1987 |
| This F | | The broth House Wild Fronnect to the |
| THIS L | | Moderast talaneieg Sebpersed on adjacent roads as a consequence of the subdivision. |
| | Approv Date: 7/12/2 | al Number: 15/0446 Pedestrian and bicycle paths can be managed along the leevan Proad Networks and nearby reserves. |
| | 0 , 0 | by the Responsible Authority |
| | | Bill Cathcart |
| | surrounding area: The pattern of subdivision. Existing land uses. The location and use of existing building abutting street and path widths, materia. The location and type of significant veg. An application for subdivision of 60 or more lot the surrounding area: Location, distance and type of nearby puricular facilities. Direction and distances to local shops a Directions and walking distances to puble. Direction and walking distances to exist principal activity centres and major employment. Existing transport routes, including free connecting neighbourhoods. Local street network including potential of the connection of the regional access. Any places of cultural significance. Natural features including trees and other lines, water courses, wetlands, ridgelines and proximity of any fire threats. Pattern of ownership of adjoining lots. fin the opinion of the responsible authority a request of the requirement. | The pattern of subdivision. Existing land uses. The location and use of existing buildings on adjacent land. Abutting street and path widths, materials and detailing. The location and type of significant vegetation. An application for subdivision of 60 or more lots must also describe in relation to the surrounding area: Location, distance and type of nearby public open space and recreational facilities. Direction and distances to local shops and community facilities. Directions and walking distances to public transport routes and stops. Direction and walking distances to existing neighbourhood, major and principal activity centres and major employment areas. Existing transport routes, including freeways, arterial roads and streets connecting neighbourhoods. Local street network including potential connections to adjacent subdivisions. Traffic volumes and movements on adjacent roads and streets. Pedestrian, bicycle and shared paths identifying whether their primary role is neighbourhood or regional access. Any places of cultural significance. Natural features including trees and other significant vegetation, drainage lines, water courses, wetlands, ridgelines and hill tops. Proximity of any fire threats. Pattern of ownership of adjoining lots. If in the opinion of the responsible authority a requirement of the site and context description is not relevant to the assessment of an application, the responsible authority may waive or reduce the requirement. PLANNING & SURF COAS This Briody Drive West Development 43.04 of the Si |



| | | A CHMP has been prepared. Associated works shall be carried in accordance with the recommendations and actions contained within the CHMP. |
|--|--|---|
| 56.01-2 Subdivision design response | The design response must explain how the proposed design: Derives from and responds to the site and context description. Responds to any site and context features for the area identified in a local planning policy or a Neighbourhood Character Overlay. Responds to any relevant objective, policy, strategy or plan set out for the area in this scheme. Meets the relevant objectives of Clause 56. The design response must include a dimensioned plan to scale showing the layout of the subdivision in context with the surrounding area. If in the opinion of the responsible authority this requirement is not relevant to the assessment of an application, it may waive or reduce the requirement. An application for subdivision of 60 or more lots must also include a plan that meets the requirements of Standard C2. The plan must also show the: Proposed uses of each part of the site. Natural features of the site and identify any features proposed to be altered. Proposed staging of the subdivision. | The site particulars which govern the layout include: The location of existing road connections and abuttals; The pattern of subdivision. The alignment of Spring Creek and Grossmans Road. The indicative dimensions and lot sizes proposed reflect a standard residential lot yield Lots will generally have a range of street frontages and depths. Each proposed lot will have a regular appearance, making lots readily developable with a detached dwelling, associated garaging and private open space. Accordingly, it is considered that the created lots will fluently integrate with the surrounding residential environment. |

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This Briody Drive West Development Plan complies with the requirements of Clause 43.04 of the Surf Coast Planning Scheme

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56.02 **POLICY IMPLEMENTATION**

56.02-1

Strategic implementation objective

To ensure that the layout and design of a subdivision is consistent with and implements any objective, policy, strategy or plan for the area set out in this scheme.

Standard C1

An application must be accompanied by a written statement that describes how the subdivision is consistent with and implements any relevant growth area, activity centre, housing, access and mobility, community facilities, open space and recreation, landscape (including any native vegetation precinct plan) and urban design objective, policy, strategy or plan for the area set out in this scheme.

The immediate area offers a range of services which are essential to a residential area. The proposed layout will promote infill development / consolidation within the settlement boundary for Torquay

The subdivision maintains the preferred character for Torquay by proposing a range of lot sizes, including larger lots sizes which will respect the current presentation to Grossmans Road.

The site is proximate to a range of services including education facilities, commercial and retail and is well suited to residential use, given the surrounding context, the public transport services and the provision of open space.

The plans attached to the proposal show:

educational facilities.

Lot size and diversity;

The proximity of the site to established

All road reserves are capable of providing walking

56.03

LIVABLE AND SUSTAINABLE COMMUNITIES

56.03-1

Compact and walkable neighbourhood objectives

To create compact neighbourhoods that are oriented around easy walking distances to activity centres, schools and community facilities, public open space and public transport.

To allow easy movement through and between neighbourhoods for all people.

Standard C2

A subdivision should implement any relevant growth area or any approved land-use and development strategy, plan or policy for the area set out in this scheme.

An application for subdivision must include a plan of the layout of the subdivision that:

- Meets the objectives (if relevant to the class of subdivision specified in the zone) of:
 - Clause 56.03-2 Activity centres
 - Clause 56.03-3 Planning for community facilities
 - Clause 56.04-1 Lot diversity and distribution
 - Clause 56.06-2 Walking and cycling network
 - Clause 56.06-3 Public transport network
 - Clause 56.06-4 Neighbourhood street network

and cycling networks to access key infrastructure. PLANNING & ENVIR SOMMENT OF SET 1987 stage.

Road network.

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- Shows the 400 metre street walking distance arisonly early existings to provide ments of Clause bus stop, 600 metres street walking distance around each existing to profethe Surf Coast Planning Scheme
- tram stop and 800 metres street walking distance around each existing or proposed railway station and shows the estimated number of dwellings within

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- Shows the layout of the subdivision in relation to the surrounding areaDate: 7/12/2017 Sheet No: 5 of 21
- Is designed to be accessible for people with disabilities.

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| 50.00.0 | Ctondord C2 | | The section of the se |
|--|--|---|--|
| 56.03-2 Activity centre objective | Standard C3 | vant activity centre strategy, plan or policy for | There is no relevant activity centre strategy. The proposal is not considered to be within or adjacent |
| Activity centre objective | the area set out in this scheme. | vant activity centre strategy, plan or policy for | to an activity centre. |
| To provide for mixed-use activity | the area set out in this scheme. | | to all activity certife. |
| centres, including | Subdivision should be supported by activ | vity centres that are: | |
| neighbourhood activity centres, | Accessible by neighbourhood and reg | | |
| of appropriate area and location. | | nected to the regional public transport | |
| | network. | 9 | |
| | Located at public transport interchang | ge points for the convenience of passengers | |
| | and easy connections between public | | |
| | Located on arterial roads or connector | | |
| | 1 '' ' | a mix of uses that meet local community | |
| | needs. | | |
| | | ages, support street-based community | |
| | interaction and pedestrian safety. | | |
| 56.03-3 | Standard C4 | | N/A |
| Planning for community | A subdivision should: | | 14/7 |
| objective | Implement any relevant regional and | local community facility strategy, plan or | |
| | policy for the area set out in this sche | | |
| To provide appropriately located | Locate community facilities on sites the | nat are in or near activity centres and public | |
| sites for community facilities | transport. | | |
| including schools, libraries, | | | |
| preschools and childcare, health services, police and fire stations, | School sites should: | | |
| recreation and sports facilities. | Be integrated with the neighbourhood Be leasted as welling and evaling as | | |
| recreation and opene racinities: | Be located on walking and cycling ne Have a bus stop located along the sc | | |
| | | king and on-street parking in addition to other | |
| | street functions in abutting streets. | king and on street parking in addition to other | |
| | Adjoin the public open space network | and community sporting and other | |
| | recreation facilities. | 7 . 3 | |
| | Be integrated with community facilitie | L PLANNING & | ENVIRONMENT ACT 1987 |
| | Be located on land that is not affected | by physical, environmental or <mark>⊛th</mark> 砰F COA | \$T PLANNING SCHEME |
| | constraints. | | nt Plan complies with the requirements of Clause |
| | Schools should be accessible by the Prin | cipal Public Transport Netwoាខិiឦ4 of the Si | |
| | Metropolitan Melbourne and on the regio | nal nublic transport network outside | The Source Harming Continue |
| | Metropolitan Melbourne. | · | tel Niverela av. 45/0440 |
| | | Approv | al Number: 15/0446 |
| | Primary schools should be located on co | nector streets and not on arteria ನಡಚು.7/12/2 | 2017 Sheet No: 6 of 21 |
| | | | |
| | New State Government school sites mus | meet the requirements of the Panartment of | by the Responsible Authority |
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| | Education and Training and abut at least two streets with sufficient widths to provide student drop-off zones, bus parking and on-street parking in addition to other street functions. | |
|---|--|---|
| 56.03-4 | Standard C5 | The Surf Coast Planning Scheme designates the |
| Built environment objective | The built environment should: | site as suitable for residential development |
| To create urban places with identity and character. | Implement any relevant urban design strategy, plan or policy for the area set out in this scheme. Provide living and working environments that are functional, safe and attractive. Provide an integrated layout, built form and urban landscape. Contribute to a sense of place and cultural identity. | |
| | An application should describe the identity and character to be achieved and the elements that contribute to that identity and character. | |

| | oranic matter matter to that two may and orange or | |
|---|---|------------------------------|
| 56.04 | | |
| LOT DESIGN | 0(and and 07 | and division to proper diffe |
| 56.04-1 Lot diversity and distribution | Standard C7 A subdivision should implement any relevant housing strategy, plan or policy for the the particular opportunit | subdivision to respond to |
| objectives | area set out in this scheme. Future subdivision facili lots at standard residen | tated by the DP will create |
| To achieve housing densities | Lot sizes and mix should achieve the average net residential density specified in any | |
| that support compact and | zone or overlay that applies to the land or in any relevant policy for the area set out in | |
| walkable neighbourhoods and | this scheme. | |
| the efficient provision of public transport services. | A range and mix of lot sizes should be provided including lots suitable for the | |
| transport services. | development of: | |
| To provide higher housing | Single dwellings. | |
| densities within walking distance | Two dwellings or more. | |
| of neighbourhood centres. | Higher density housing. | |
| | Residential buildings and Retirement villages. | |
| To achieve increased housing densities in designated growth | | 27.4007 |
| areas. | Unless the site is constrained by topography or other site conditions, Rt Aisth White & ENVIRONMENT AC | JT 1987 |
| arodo. | should provide for 95 per cent of dwellings to be located no more than 490 metres of the street walking distance from the nearest existing or proposed bus stop, 600 metres street walking distance from the nearest existing of proposed than stop, 600 metres of the street walking distance from the nearest existing of proposed than stop, 600 metres of the street walking distance from the nearest existing of proposed than stop, 600 metres of the street walking distance from the nearest existing of proposed than stop, 600 metres of the street walking distance from the nearest existing of proposed than stop and the street walking distance from the nearest existing of proposed the street walking distance from the nearest existing of proposed bus stop. | 1EME |
| To provide a range of lot sizes to | street walking distance from the nearest existing of proposed bus step, do metres | h the requirements of Claus |
| suit a variety of dwelling and household types. | metres street walking distance from the rearest existing or proposed 43 vo statione Surf Coast Planning S | 3cheme . |
| | Lots of 300 square metres or less in area, lots suitable for the development of two dwellings or more, lots suitable for higher density housing and lots suitable for Approval Number: 15/0446 | , |
| | dwellings or more, lots suitable for higher density housing and lots suitable for Approval Number. 15/0446 | 5.04 |
| | Residential buildings and Retirement villages should be located in and withate007/12/2017 Sheet No: 7 (metres street walking distance of an activity centre. | OT ZT |
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56.04-2 Lot area and building envelope objective

To provide lots with areas and dimensions that enable the appropriate siting and construction of a dwelling, solar access, private open space, vehicle access and parking, water management, easements and the retention of significant vegetation and site features.

Standard C8

An application to subdivide land that creates lots of less than 300 square metres should be accompanied by information that shows:

- That the lots are consistent or contain building envelope that is consistent with a development approved under this scheme, or
- That a dwelling may be constructed on each lot in accordance with the requirements of this scheme.

Lots of between 300 square metres and 500 square metres should:

- Contain a building envelope that is consistent with a development of the lot approved under this scheme, or
- If no development of the lot has been approved under this scheme, contain a
 building envelope and be able to contain a rectangle measuring 10 metres by 15
 metres, or 9 metres by 15 metres if a boundary wall is nominated as part of the
 building envelope.

If lots of between 300 square metres and 500 square metres are proposed to contain dwellings that are built to the boundary, the long axis of the lots should be within 30 degrees east and 20 degrees west of north unless there are significant physical constraints that make this difficult to achieve.

Lots greater than 500 square metres should be able to contain a rectangle measuring 10 metres by 15 metres, and may contain a building envelope.

A building envelope may specify or incorporate any relevant siting and design requirement.

Any requirement should meet the relevant standards of Clause 54, unless:

- The objectives of the relevant standards are met, and
- The building envelope is shown as a restriction on a plan of subdivision registered under the Subdivision Act 1988, or is specified as a covenant in an agreement under Section 173 of the Act.

There are no buildings envelopes proposed at this point in time. Building envelopes (if required) will be specified at subdivision stage.

Where a lot with a building envelope adjd ins a lot that is not on the same plan of subdivision or is not subject to the same envelope:

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Subdivision or is not subject to the same agreement relating to the relevant building OAST PLANNING SCHEME

This Briody Drive West Development Plan complies with the requirements of Clause

- The building envelope must meet Standards A10 and A11 of Clauses 544ndeletiens urf Coast Planning Scheme to the adjoining lot, and
- The building envelope must not regulate siting matters covered by Standards A12 to A15 (inclusive) of Clause 54 in relation to the adjoining lot. This should be proval Number: 15/0446 specified in the relevant plan of subdivision or agreement.

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| | Lot dimensions and building envelopes should protect: | |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| | Solar access for future dwellings and support the siting and design of dwellings | |
| | that achieve the energy rating requirements of the Building Regulations. | |
| | Existing or proposed easements on lots. | |
| | Significant vegetation and site features. | |
| 56.04-3 | Standard C9 | The DP layout is appropriately orientated to |
| Solar orientation of lots | Unless the site is constrained by topography or other site conditions, at least 70 | facilitate solar access for future lots. |
| objective | percent of lots should have appropriate solar orientation. | |
| , | | Lot orientations are influenced by existing lot |
| To provide good solar | Lots have appropriate solar orientation when: | layout as well as the alignment of Grossmans |
| orientation of lots and solar | The long axis of lots are within the range north 20 degrees west to north 30 | Road. |
| access for future dwellings. | degrees east, or east 20 degrees north to east 30 degrees south. | |
| | Lots between 300 square metres and 500 square metres are proposed to contain | |
| | dwellings that are built to the boundary, the long axis of the lots should be within | |
| | 30 degrees east and 20 degrees west of north. | |
| | Dimensions of lots are adequate to protect solar access to the lot, taking into | |
| | account likely dwelling size and the relationship of each lot to the street. | |
| 56.04-4 | Standard C10 | All future lots will be able to front roads and |
| Street orientation objective | Subdivision should increase visibility and surveillance by: | streets. |
| • | Ensuring lots front all roads and streets and avoid the side or rear of lots being | |
| To provide a lot layout that | oriented to connector streets and arterial roads. | |
| contributes to community social | Providing lots of 300 square metres or less in area and lots for 2 or more dwellings | |
| interaction, personal safety and | around activity centres and public open space. | |
| property security. | Ensuring streets and houses look onto public open space and avoiding sides and | |
| | rears of lots along public open space boundaries. | |
| | Providing roads and streets along public open space boundaries. | |
| 56.04-5 | Standard C11 | Not Applicable. |
| Common area objectives | An application to subdivide land that creates common land must be accompanied by a | |
| - | plan and a report identifying: | No common land is proposed. |
| To identify common areas and | The common area to be owned by the body corporate, including any streets and | |
| the purpose for which the area is | open space. | |
| commonly held. | The reasons why the area should be commonly held. PLANNING & | ENVIRONMENT ACT 1987 |
| | Lots participating in the body corporate. SURF COA: | ST PLANNING SCHEME |
| To ensure the provision of | The proposed management arrangements including maintenance standards for streets and open spaces to be commonly held. | at Plan complies with the requirements of Clause |
| common area is appropriate and | streets and open spaces to be commonly held. | it Flat complies with the requirements of Clause |
| that necessary management | 43.04 of the S | urf Coast Planning Scheme |
| arrangements are in place. | | |
| | Δnnrov | al Number: 15/0446 |
| To maintain direct public access | | 2017 Sheet No: 9 of 21 |
| throughout the neighbourhood | Date: 7/12/ | 2017 Sheet No. 9 of 21 |
| and street network | | |
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56.05 **URBAN LANDSCAPE**

56.05-1 Integrated urban landscape objectives

To provide attractive and continuous landscaping in streets and public open spaces that contribute to the character and identity of new neighbourhoods and urban places or to existing or preferred neighbourhood character in existing urban areas.

To incorporate natural and cultural features in the design of streets and public open space where appropriate.

To protect and enhance native habitat and discourage the planting and spread of noxious weeds.

To provide for integrated water management systems and contribute to drinking water conservation.

Standard C12

An application for subdivision that creates streets or public open space should be accompanied by a landscape design.

The landscape design should:

- Implement any relevant streetscape, landscape, urban design or native vegetation precinct plan, strategy or policy for the area set out in this scheme.
- Create attractive landscapes that visually emphasise streets and public open spaces.
- Respond to the site and context description for the site and surrounding area.
- Maintain significant vegetation where possible within an urban context.
- Take account of the physical features of the land including landform, soil and climate.
- Protect and enhance any significant natural and cultural features.
- Protect and link areas of significant local habitat where appropriate.
- Support integrated water management systems with appropriate landscape design techniques for managing urban run-off including wetlands and other water sensitive urban design features in streets and public open space.
- Promote the use of drought tolerant and low maintenance plants and avoid species that are likely to spread into the surrounding environment.
- Ensure landscaping supports surveillance and provides shade in streets, parks and public open space.
- Develop appropriate landscapes for the intended use of public open space including areas for passive and active recreation, the exercising of pets, playgrounds and shaded areas.
- Provide for walking and cycling networks that link with community facilities.
- Provide appropriate pathways, signage, fencing, public lighting and street furniture.

• Create low maintenance, durable landscapes that are capable of a LANNEING & ENVIRONMENT ACT 1987

SURF COAST PLANNING SCHEME The landscape design must include a maintenance plan that sets out maintenance ment Plan complies with the requirements of Clause responsibilities, requirements and costs. 43.04 of the Surf Coast Planning Scheme

56.05-2

Public open space provision objectives

To provide a network of quality, well-distributed, multi-functional

Standard C13

- Provide a network of well-distributed egional and local open space that includes: Local parks within 400 metres safe walking distance of at least அது நடித்தி by the Responsible Authority

It is considered that a landscape design is not

We will be further directed by Council's

engineering department in relation to details.

The streetscapes can obviously provide for the

therefore not considered a critical element the

subdivision design. It is requested that such a

requirements of this standard, and landscaping is

requirement be deferred, and included by way of

In relation to the road system the width of the road

reserves is the same as other recently constructed

required at this point in time.

roads in the area.

Permit Condition/s.

The DP provides an area of centrally located OS The provision of public open space should:

• Implement any relevant open space plan, strategy or policy for the area set out in space. Sheet No: 10 of 21

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and cost effective public open space that includes local parks, active open space, linear parks and trails, and links to regional open space.

To provide a network of public open space that caters for a broad range of users.

To encourage healthy and active communities.

To provide adequate unencumbered land for public open space and integrate any encumbered land with the open space network.

To ensure land provided for public open space can be managed in an environmentally sustainable way and contributes to the development of sustainable neighbourhoods.

all dwellings. Where not designed to include active open space, local parks should be generally 1 hectare in area and suitably dimensioned and designed to provide for their intended use and allow easy adaptation in response to changing community preferences.

- Additional small local parks or public squares in activity centres and higher density residential areas.
- Active open space of at least 8 hectares in area within 1 kilometres of 95 percent of all dwellings that is:
 - Suitably dimensioned and designed to provide for the intended use, buffer areas around sporting fields and passive open spaces.
 - Sufficient to incorporate two football / cricket ovals.
 - Appropriate for the intended use in terms of quality and orientation.
 - Located on flat land (which can be cost effectively graded).
 - Located with access to, or making provision for, a recycled or sustainable water supply.
 - Adjoin schools and other community facilities where practical.
 - Designed to achieve sharing of space between sports.
- Linear parks and trails along waterways, vegetation corridors and road reserves within 1 kilometre of 95 percent of all dwellings.

Public open space should:

- Be provided along foreshores, streams and permanent water bodies.
- Be linked to existing or proposed future public open spaces where appropriate.
- Be integrated with floodways and encumbered land that is accessible for public recreation.
- Be suitable for the intended use.
- Be an area and dimensions to allow easy adaptation to different uses in response to changing community active and passive recreational preferences.
- Maximise passive surveillance.
- Be integrated with urban water management systems, waterways and other water bodies.
- Incorporate natural and cultural featules where appropriate.
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| | | SURF COAS | ST PLANNING SCHEME |
|--|---|-------------------|---|
| 56.06 ACCESS AND MOBILITY MANAGEMENT | | 221 227 | nt Plan complies with the requirements of Clause |
| 56.06-1 | Standard C14 | 43.04 of the St | Infhepasosetanangtworkera pable of |
| Integrated mobility objectives | An application for a subdivision must incl | | accommodating walking and cycling networks to |
| To achieve an urban structure where compact walkable neighbourhoods are clustered to | that meets the objectives of: Clause 56.06-2 Walking and cycling r Clause 56.06-3 Public transport netw Clause 56.06-4 Neighbourhood stree | ork. Date: 7/12/2 | access key infrastructure. al Number: 15/0446 000 bu Shqus ta No prdpo se da1 this stage |
| support larger activity centres on | Clause 30.00-4 Neighbourhood stree | | by the Responsible Authority |

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| the Public Transport Network in Metropolitan Melbourne and on the regional public transport network outside Metropolitan Melbourne. To provide for walking (including persons with impaired mobility), cycling, public transport and other motor vehicles in an integrated manner. To contribute to reduced car dependence, improved energy efficiency, reduced greenhouse gas emissions and reduced air pollution. 56.06-2 Walking and cycling network objectives To contribute to community health and well being by encouraging walking and cycling as part of the daily lives of residents, employees and visitors. To provide safe and direct movement through and between | policy for the area set out in this sche Link to any existing pedestrian and cy Provide safe walkable distances to act transport stops and public open space Provide an interconnected and contin convenient footpaths, shared paths, con the network of arterial roads, neight spaces. Provide direct cycling routes for regio | local walking and cycling strategy, plan or me. ycling networks. ctivity centres, community facilities, public es. uous network of safe, efficient and cycle paths and cycle lanes based primarily abourhood streets and regional public open | Future subdivision will provide for safe walking and cycling networks. The site is within a walkable distances of community facilities and public open spaces. |
|---|---|--|---|
| neighbourhoods by pedestrians and cyclists. | recreational cycling. • Ensure safe street and road crossing where required. | PLANNING & including the provision of traffic controls. | ENVIRONMENT ACT 1987 ST PLANNING SCHEME |
| To reduce car use, greenhouse gas emissions and air pollution. | Provide an appropriate level of priority | /Tdnisedesimelys anit/eydMesst Developmer s and from abutting dwelling≰ஆரும்⊅ef the Su urity particularly at night. es. | nt Plan complies with the requirements of Clause |
| 56.06-3 | Standard C16 | Date: 7/12/2 | <mark>(No</mark> 7pu lSih∉eths No rt n ttwofk∑n as been designed |
| Public transport network | The public transport network should be d | esigned to: | however the future subdivision can facilitate bus |
| objectives | Implement any relevant public transport | ort strategy, plan or policy for the area set out. Digitally Signed | traffic. |
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| To provide an arterial road and neighbourhood street network that supports a direct, efficient and safe public transport system. To encourage maximum use of public transport. | in this scheme. Connect new public transport routes to existing and proposed routes to the satisfaction of the relevant public transport authority. Provide for public transport links between activity centres and other locations that attract people using the Principal Public Transport Network in Metropolitan Melbourne and the regional public transport network outside Metropolitan Melbourne. Locate regional bus routes principally on arterial roads and locate local bus services principally on connector streets to provide: Safe and direct movement between activity centres without complicated turning manoeuvres. Direct travel between neighbourhoods and neighbourhood activity centres. A short and safe walk to a public transport stop from most dwellings. | |
|---|--|--|
| 56.06-4 Neighbourhood street network objective To provide for direct, safe and easy movement through and between neighbourhoods for pedestrians, cyclists, public transport and other motor vehicles using the neighbourhood street network. | Standard C17 The neighbourhood street network must: Take account of the existing mobility network of arterial roads, neighbourhood streets, cycle paths, cycle paths, footpaths and public transport routes. Provide clear physical distinctions between arterial roads and neighbourhood street types. Comply with the Roads Corporation's arterial road access management policies. Provide an appropriate speed environment and movement priority for the safe and easy movement of pedestrians and cyclists and for accessing public transport. Provide safe and efficient access to activity centres for commercial and freight vehicles. Provide safe and efficient access to all lots for service and emergency vehicles. Provide safe movement for all vehicles. Incorporate any necessary traffic control measures and traffic management infrastructure. | The neighbourhood street network is essentially defined by the existing abuttals. |
| | The neighbourhood street network should be designed to: Implement any relevant transport strategy, plan or policy for the areaset of the scheme. Include arterial roads at intervals of approximately 1.6 kilometres that have adequate reservation widths to accommodate long term movement demand, the Schemand. Include connector streets approximately halfway between arterial roads and provide adequate reservation widths to accommodate long term movement approvide and accommodate long term movement approvide and connector streets align between neighbourhoods for direct and efficient of pedestrians, cyclists, public transport and other motor vehicles. Provide an interconnected and continuous network of streets withing trailing | nt Plan complies with the requirements of Clause urf Coast Planning Scheme al Number: 15/0446 2017 Sheet No: 13 of 21 |



| 56.06-5 Walking and cycling network detail objectives | neighbourhoods for use by pedestrians, cyclists, public transport and other vehicles. Provide an appropriate level of local traffic dispersal. Indicate the appropriate street type. Provide a speed environment that is appropriately manages movement demand (volume, type and mix of pedestrians, cyclists, public transport and other motor vehicles). Encourage appropriate and safe pedestrian, cyclist and driver behaviour. Provide safe sharing of access lanes and access places by pedestrians, cyclists and vehicles. Minimise the provision of culs-de-sac. Provide for service and emergency vehicles to safely turn at the end of a dead-end street. Facilitate solar orientation of lots. Facilitate the provision of the walking and cycling network, integrated water management systems, utilities and planting of trees. Contribute to the area's character and identity. Take account of any identified significant features. Standard C18 Footpaths, shared paths, cycle paths and cycle lanes should be designed to: Be part of a comprehensive design of the road or street reservation. |
|--|--|
| To design and construct footpaths, shared path and cycle path networks that are safe, comfortable, well constructed and accessible for people with disabilities. | Provide for public transport stops, street crossings for pedestrians and cyclists and kerb crossovers for access to lots. Accommodate projected user volumes and mix. Meet the requirements of Table C1. Provide pavement edge, kerb, channel and crossover details that support safe travel for pedestrians, footpath bound vehicles and cyclists, perform required |
| To design footpaths to accommodate wheelchairs, prams, scooters and other footpath bound vehicles. | drainage functions and are structurally ound. Provide appropriate signage. Be constructed to allow access to lots path surfaces. Be constructed with a durable, non-slid surface. Be of a quality and durability to ensure. Safe passage for pedestrians, collists, footpath bound vehicles and vehicles. Discharge of urban run-off. Preservation of all-weather access. Maintenance of a reasonable, comfortable riding quality. Digitally Signed by the Responsible Authority |
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| | Be accessible to people with disabiliti indicators, audible signals and kerb ra with disabilities. | es and include tactile ground surface amps required for the movement of people | |
|--|---|--|--|
| 56.06-6 | Standard C19 | | Adjoining roads are capable of supporting bus |
| Public transport network detail objectives To provide for the safe, efficient | Bus priority measures must be provided a existing or proposed Principal Public Tranand the regional public transport network requirements of the relevant roads autho | nsport Network in Metropolitan Melbourne outside Metropolitan Melbourne to the | traffic. |
| operation of public transport and | · | • | |
| the comfort and convenience of public transport users. | Road alignment and geometry along bus unimpeded movement of buses and the | | |
| To provide public transport stops that are accessible to people | | ald not impede the movement of pedestrians. | |
| with disabilities. | Bus and tram stops should have: | A late | |
| | Surveillance from streets and adjacerSafe street crossing conditions for pe | | |
| | | roads and at schools including the provision | |
| | of traffic controls as required by the ro | | |
| | Continuous hard pavement from the f | | |
| | | d waiting areas for forecast user volume at other locations with expected high patronage. | |
| | Appropriate signage. | outer recausite war expected riight patienage. | |
| | | | |
| | | iting areas should be accessible to people d surface indicators, audible signals and kerb | |
| | ramps required for the movement of peop | | |
| 56.06-7 | Standard C20 | | The reads by width most the requirements of |
| Neighbourhood street | The design of streets and roads should: | | The roads, by width, meet the requirements of Table C1 |
| network detail objective | Meet the requirements of Table C1. V | /here the widths of access PAPA, A MARS | |
| | places, and access streets do not cor | nply with the requirements of Table C1, the A | ENVIRONMENT ACT 1987 Roads will be designed to accommodate the passage of emergency verticles. |
| To design and construct street carriageways and verges so that | requirements of the relevant fire author | brity and roads authority must be met. | t passage of emergency vehicles. It Plan complies with the requirements of Clau |
| the street geometry and traffic | | les to 120 metres in width to 42cinate f the Si | in the propose throughly out provides for safe and |
| speeds provide an accessible | pedestrian movement and control traf | fic speed. | effective vehicle movement and will assist in |
| and safe neighbourhood system | Have verges of sufficient width to acc | pmmodate footpaths, shared paths, cycle | providing a greater number of useable lots in the |
| for all users. | paths, integrated water management, needs. | street tree planting, lighting and utilityApprov Date: 7/12/2 | 017 Sheet No. 15 of 21 |
| | | he street type and function, the physical land | 017 Sheet No: 15 of 21 It is expected that any Permit to issue will require |
| | characteristics and achieve a safe en | vironment for all users | design and construction to be in accordance with |
| | | | byเสอลาชิลลออกล่อเลลแบบการ์ง Bill Cathcart |
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- Provide a low-speed environment while allowing all road users to proceed without unreasonable inconvenience or delay.
- Provide a safe environment for all street users applying speed control measures where appropriate.
- Ensure intersection layouts clearly indicate the travel path and priority of movement for pedestrians, cyclists and vehicles.
- Provide a minimum 5 metre by 5 metre corner splay at junctions with arterial roads and a minimum 3 metre by 3 metre corner splay at other junctions unless site conditions justify a variation to achieve safe sight lines across corners.
- Ensure streets are of sufficient strength to:
 - Enable the carriage of vehicles.
 - Avoid damage by construction vehicles and equipment.
- Ensure street pavements are of sufficient quality and durability for the:
 - Safe passage of pedestrians, cyclists and vehicles.
 - Discharge of urban run-off.
 - Preservation of all-weather access and maintenance of a reasonable, comfortable riding quality.
- Ensure carriageways of planned arterial roads are designed to the requirements of the relevant road authority.
- Ensure carriageways of neighbourhood streets are designed for a minimum 20 year life span.
- Provide pavement edges, kerbs, channel and crossover details designed to:
 - Perform the required integrated water management functions.
 - Delineate the edge of the carriageway for all street users.
 - Provide efficient and comfortable access to abutting lots at appropriate locations.
 - Contribute to streetscape design.
- Provide for the safe and efficient collection of waste and recycling materials from lots.
- Be accessible to people with disabilities.
- Meet the requirements of Table C1. Where the widths of access lanes, access and access streets do not comply with the requirements of Table C1, the requirements of the relevant fire authority and roads authority must be the widths of connector streets do not the requirements of the relevant public transport authority must be 43.04 of the Surf Coast Planning Scheme

A street detail plan should be prepared that shows, as appropriate:

- The street hierarchy and typical cross-sections for all street types.
 Approval Number: 15/0446
- Location of carriageway pavement, parking, bus stops, kerbs, crossoperse: 7/12/2017 Sheet No: 16 of 21 footpaths, tactile surface indicators, cycle paths and speed control and traffic management devices.
- Water sensitive urban design features.

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| | Location and species of proposed street trees and other vegetation. Location of existing vegetation to be retained and proposed treatment to ensure its health. Any relevant details for the design and location of street furniture, lighting, seats, bus stops, telephone boxes and mailboxes. | |
|--|--|---|
| 56.06-8 Lot access objective | Standard C21 Vehicle access to lots abutting arterial roads should be provided from service roads, | Not Applicable. |
| To provide for safe vehicle access between roads and lots. | side or rear access lanes, access places or access streets where appropriate and in accordance with the access management requirements of the relevant roads authority. | The site does not have abuttal to an arterial road. |
| | Vehicle access to lots of 300 square metres or less in area and lots with a frontage of 7.5 metres or less should be provided via rear or side access lanes, places or streets. | |
| | The design and construction of a crossover should meet the requirements of the relevant road authority. | |

| 56.07-1 | Standard C22 | | Complies. | ł |
|---|---|--|---|------|
| Drinking water supply | The supply of drinking water must be: | | | ł |
| objectives | Designed and constructed in accordance with the requirements and to the satisfaction of the relevant water authority. | | Reticulated drinking water will be connected to all lots to the satisfaction of Barwon Water. | |
| To reduce the use of drinking water. | Provided to the boundary of all lots in relevant water authority. | the subdivision to the satisfaction of the | | |
| To provide an adequate, cost- effective supply of drinking water. | | | | |
| | | PLANNING & | ENVIRONMENT ACT 1987 | |
| 56.07-2 Reused and recycled water | Standard C23 Reused and recycled water supply system | ns must be: SURF COAS | Any reused and recycled water supply system will be designed, constructed and managed to the | l |
| objectives | Designed constructed and managed | iThis Briodwithive Wash Developmen | nta Blancians alies with the requirements of the contract of t | Clau |
| • | the satisfaction of the relevant water a | uthority, Environment Prote <mark>atio ருடியுக்கு ந</mark> | urf Coast Planning Scheme | |
| To provide for the substitution of | and Department of Human Services. | | | l |
| drinking water for non-drinking purposes with reused and | Provided to the boundary of all lots in relevant water authority. | the subdivision where required by the Approv | al Number: 15/0446 | |
| recycled water. | Tolovalli mater administry. | | 2017 Sheet No: 17 of 21 | |
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56.07-3 Waste water management objective

To provide a waste water system that is adequate for the maintenance of public health and the management of effluent in an environmentally friendly manner.

Standard C24

Waste water systems must be:

- Designed, constructed and managed in accordance with the requirements and to the satisfaction of the relevant water authority and the Environment Protection Authority.
- Consistent with any relevant approved domestic waste water management plan.

Reticulated waste water systems must be provided to the boundary of all lots in the subdivision where required by the relevant sewerage authority.

Complies.

overarching SWMS.

drainage pipes.

Waste water will be reticulated to all lots to the satisfaction of Barwon Water.

Each lot will be able to dispose of stormwater

Underground drainage will be provided for each lot

and the runoff will be directed towards existing

All stormwater design will be in accordance with

Management Guidelines (Victorian Stormwater

Committee 1999) as amended.

Urban Stormwater - Best Practice Environmental

drainage in an appropriate manner. Refer to

56.07-4 Urban run-off management objectives

To minimise damage to properties and inconvenience to residents from urban run-off.

To ensure that the street operates adequately during major storm events and provides for public safety.

To minimise increases in stormwater run-off and protect the environmental values and physical characteristics of receiving waters from degradation by urban run-off.

- Designed and managed in accordance with the requirements and to the satisfaction of the relevant drainage authority.
- Designed and managed in accordance with the requirements and to the satisfaction of the water authority where reuse of urban run-off is proposed.
- Designed to meet the current best practice performance objectives for stormwater quality as contained in the Urban Stormwater – Best Practice Environmental Management Guidelines (Victorian Stormwater Committee 1999) as amended.
- Designed to ensure that flows downstream of the subdivision site are restricted to predevelopment levels unless increased flows are approved by the relevant drainage authority and there are no detrimental downstream impacts.

The stormwater management system should be integrated with the overall development plan including the street and public open space networks and landscape design.

For all storm events up to and including the 20% Average Exceedence Probability (AEP) standard:

- Stormwater flows should be contained within the drainage system to the requirements of the relevant authority
- requirements of the relevant authority.

 Planning & Environment ACT 1987

 Ponding on roads should not occur for longer than 1 hour after the cessation of SURF COAST PLANNING SCHEME rainfall.

This Briody Drive West Development Plan complies with the requirements of Clause For storm events greater than 20% AEP and up to and including 1% AEP standarde Surf Coast Planning Scheme

• Provision must be made for the safe and effective passage of stormwater flows.

- All new lots should be free from inundation or to a lesser standard of flood protection where agreed by the relevant floodplain management authority. Approval Number: 15/0446 • Ensure that streets, footpaths and cycle paths that are subject to flooting energy 100/2017 Sheet No: 18 of 21
- safety criteria $d_a V_{ave} < 0.35 \text{ m}2/\text{s}$ (where, $d_a = \text{average depth in metres and } V_{ave} =$ average velocity in metres per second).

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Standard C25

The urban stormwater management system must be:



The design of the local drainage network should:

- Ensure run-off is retarded to a standard required by the responsible drainage authority.
- Ensure every lot is provided with drainage to a standard acceptable to the relevant drainage authority. Wherever possible, run-off should be directed to the front of the lot and discharged into the street drainage system or legal point of discharge.
- Ensure that inlet and outlet structures take into account the effects of obstructions and debris build up. Any surcharge drainage pit should discharge into an overland flow in a safe and predetermined manner.
- Include water sensitive urban design features to manage run-off in streets and public open space. Where such features are provided, an application must describe maintenance responsibilities, requirements and costs.

Any flood mitigation works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the requirements of the relevant floodplain management authority.

| 56.08 | | | | |
|-------|------|----|-----|----|
| SITE | MANA | GE | MEI | NT |

56.08-1

Site management objectives

To protect drainage infrastructure and receiving waters from sedimentation and contamination.

To protect the site and surrounding area from environmental degradation or nuisance prior to and during construction of subdivision works.

To encourage the reuse of materials from the site and recycled materials in the construction of subdivisions where practical.

Standard C26

A subdivision application must describe how the site will be managed prior to and during the construction period and may set out requirements for managing:

- · Erosion and sediment.
- Dust.
- Run-off
- Litter, concrete and other construction wastes.
- Chemical contamination.
- Vegetation and natural features planned for retention.

Recycled material should be used for the construction of streets, shared paths and other infrastructure where practicable.

PLANNING

PLANNING & ENVIRONMENT ACT 1987 SURF COAST PLANNING SCHEME

Management Plan.

It is anticipated that any Permit issued will contain

a Condition which will require a Construction

This Briody Drive West Development Plan complies with the requirements of Clause 43.04 of the Surf Coast Planning Scheme

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| 56.09 UTILITIES | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| 56.09-1 Shared trenching objective To maximise the opportunities for shared trenching. To minimise constraints on landscaping within street reserves. | | ectricity and telecommunications should be se construction costs and land allocation for | It is proposed that where possible, engineering design will use shared trenching principles. |
| 56.09-2 Electricity, telecommunications and gas objectives To provide public utilities to each lot in a timely, efficient and cost effective manner. To reduce greenhouse gas emissions by supporting generation and use of electricity from renewable sources. | Standard C28 The electricity supply system must be designed in accordance with the requirements of the relevant electricity supply agency and be provided to the boundary of all lots in the subdivision to the satisfaction of the relevant electricity authority. Arrangements that support the generation or use of renewable energy at a lot or neighbourhood level are encouraged. The telecommunication system must be designed in accordance with the requirements of the relevant telecommunications servicing agency and should be consistent with any approved strategy, policy or plan for the provision of advanced telecommunications infrastructure, including fibre optic technology. The telecommunications system must be provided to the boundary of all lots in the subdivision to the satisfaction of the relevant telecommunications servicing authority. Where available, the reticulated gas supply system must be designed in accordance with the requirements of the relevant gas supply agency and be provided to the boundary of all lots in the subdivision to the satisfaction of the relevant gas supply agency and supply agency. | | All services and infrastructure can be provided in a timely and efficient manner as required to service the subdivision. |
| 56.09-3 Fire hydrants objective To provide fire hydrants and fire plugs in positions that enable fire fighters to access water safely, effectively and efficiently. | No more than 200 metres apart. Hydrants and fire plugs must be compared by provision of fire hydrants are | atible with the relevant fire service equipment. If the substitute is a service equipment of the substitute is a service equipment. If the plugs does not comply with the Approval ants must be provided to the satisfaction of 2/20 Digitally Signed I | NVID NAME NOT 1987 NY CONSIDER NOT THE PERMIT Via the referral Top Black Not Mill William Character Managements. The Plan complies with the requirements of Claus Information Information of Claus Information of Claus Information Inform |
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56.09-4 Public lighting objective

To provide public lighting to ensure the safety of pedestrians, cyclists and vehicles.

To provide pedestrians with a sense of personal safety at night.

To contribute to reducing greenhouse gas emissions and to saving energy.

Standard C30

Public lighting should be provided to streets, footpaths, public telephones, public transport stops and to major pedestrian and cycle paths including public open spaces that are likely to be well used at night to assist in providing safe passage for pedestrians, cyclists and vehicles.

Public lighting should be designed in accordance with the relevant Australian Standards.

Public lighting should be consistent with any strategy, policy or plan for the use of renewable energy and energy efficient fittings.

It is considered that the Permit, via the referral process, will outline these requirements.

PLANNING & ENVIRONMENT ACT 1987 SURF COAST PLANNING SCHEME

This Briody Drive West Development Plan complies with the requirements of Clause 43.04 of the Surf Coast Planning Scheme

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